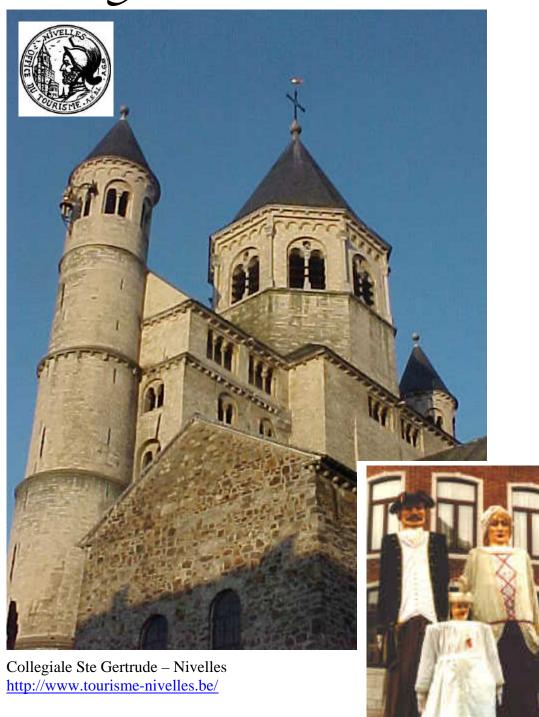
# Belgian Laces



Folume 17 # 63 June 1995

### **BELGIAN LACES**

ISSN 1046-0462

# Official Quarterly Bulletin of THE BELGIAN RESEARCHERS

Belgian American Heritage Association Founded in 1976

### Our principal objective is:

Keep the Belgian Heritage alive in our hearts and in the hearts of our posterity

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Contact Information: THE BELGIAN RESEARCHERS - 495 East 5th Street - Peru IN 46970

Tel/Fax:765-473-5667 OR e-mail barmbrindle@sbcglobal.net

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from The Belgian Researchers, Inc.

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### Dear Members,

First of all. we would like to join the millions of people from around the world in expressing our deepest sorrow and consternation about the happenings in Oklahoma City! We hope that none of our members, nor their families there, were hurt in this despicable act of terrorism. The pictures of the destruction brought back vivid memories of years gone by, buried deep under the layers of years of new experiences and life stories, but still oh so painful when surfaced .... especially by such an unexplainable act of hatred. On behalf of aH the Belgian Researchers, we convey our heartfelt condolences to the victims in Oklahoma City, as well as our appreciation and admiration for the rescue workers for their diligent and dangerous work.

What a busy time of the year this is ... and how you all keep us hopping! - We love it! We are introducing thirty (yes, you read correctly thirty!) new members to the Belgian Researchers family since the publication of the last issue of Belgian Laces, a record number for any three month period. Thank you all for your support! As you all know, a growing family makes higher demands! Pierre barely stays abreast of the increasing volume of correspondence - so, unless I bring my desk down into his office, we hardly see each other anymore. But ... keep those letters, requests for help, inquiries and memberships coming, we love it!

In this issue we start a new rubric Memories of WWII. Thanks to Micheline Gaudette for this initiative! The first entry came from Howard Thomas, (Wash. DC.) well known to many of our members for his expert help in finding "impossible to find documents' in the National Archives...! We take this opportunity to thank you again, Howard, for all your good services!

We had an exciting first meeting with members in the Portland, Oregon area on April 9. There were eighteen of us and, as the reason for our gathering was "to brain storm", the ideas for an area meeting crystallized with sparkling facets! Look for details elsewhere in this issue.

In the mean time and thanks to Jean Galoni from Portland, we have our very own bumper stickers printed: "Being Belgian is Beautiful" black lettering on yellow back ground with a small red border all around. This tri-color bumper sticker is available to all at the very reasonable price of \$ 4 ea. (mailing included). Buy them for your car, your truck, for your children's I grand-children's note books, for your club meetings or as door prizes. The 11.5" x 3 size is easily shipped in a regular size envelope, or mailed with your Laces. I had really hoped to be able to include one in each issue this time, but ... that represents too big an expense for our budget. Sorry! As you recall, I wrote in my last visit with you (Laces #62 - 1995.1), that sporting an identifying bumper sticker can have long reaching effects just see how many more Oregonians have joined our organization since that Christmas encounter at a service station on Powell Boulevard! Like Marleen Looyens said several times during our April 9th meeting: "It just HAD to be, it just had to be!"

Marleen Looyens is also responsible for another first: we now have beautiful fri-color wind socks for sale (4 long \$ 15.00 ea.). She graciously offered to make them ...! Thank you . Marleen! We very much appreciate your enthusiastic support of our organization. Use them to decorate your home, your campgrounds, Belgian or international festivities in your area, to attract attention to your Belgian waffle bakes and such similar occasions! The proceeds will be earmarked to help defray the costs of a Northwest Belgian meeting in 1996.

We also can order lapel pins: a Belgian- crossed with an American Flag to be sold at \$2.50 each. But we have to order them in lots of at least 100 ~. All these purchases weigh too heavily on our budget, unless we knew for sure. you would want to order some. So, we decided to wait with the lapel pins until we received some orders. The ball is in your field now: Let Us Know What You Want!

If you read "hard to conceal excitement" between the lines in this letter, suppose you all understand why. The response we receive to the many inquiries coming from such diverse recommendations as the Embassy ,the Consulates, EMail, Internet, or Prodigee, but certainly not least from our members themselves is very rewarding and encouraging.

We wish you all a very good summer and "Bon Voyage - Goede Reis" to all of you venturing abroad this year. We hope to receive lots of reports of successful research appy visits with relatives and friends! Remember: deadline for the next issue is July 30! Talk to you in August.

### WELCOME NEW MEMBERS

554	Eloise M. Ness	Lichtfield, MN	570	Germaine Jacqmin-Remo	nArlon , Belgium
555	Katrina A. Zanella	Salem, OR	571	George W. Ghesquiere	Chesterfield, MO.
556	Paula Galloni	Portland, OR	572	Debra Lee Demeester	Livonia, MI
557	Frank & Maxine Wambeke Deaver, WY		574	Donald. Dalebroux	Tigard, OR
558	John & Joan Ureel	Bloomfield Hills, MI	574	Edward Quartemont	Fairfield, CA
559	Sally G. Hablitzel	Columbus, OH	575	Dennis & Joan Paye	West Lynn, OR
560	Mark Amys	South Range, WI	576	Ira & Rena Paye	Luxemburg, WI
561	Helen M. Smith	Bulger, PA	577	Paul & Kathy Riggs-Will	iams St. Paul, MN
562	April Kinkade	Patterson, NY	578	Karl J. Meeuws	Clackamas, OR
563	George R. Terriere	Greeley, CO	579	Anita Rhynes	Roscoe, IL
564	Don & Pearl Van Den He	eede Boring, OR	580	Linda Eisele	Gresham, OR
565	Betty Dreitlein	Campbell, CA	581	Yolande Nolten	Gresham, OR
566	Alex Sax	St. Niklaas, Belgium	582	Ingrid Thomprson	Gresham, OR
567	Gabrielle Nicholas	Zionsville, IN	583	Le Hainuyer (Exchange)	Mons, Belgium
568	Nancy Demyttenaere	Saratoga Hills, NY	584	Judy Loudermilk La Grar	nde, OR
569	Mary Bill	Seattle, WA			

### BELGIAN GLEANINGS.....

### **Latest on the Beatification of Father Damien**

The Pope will not go to Tremelo, birthplace of the famous "Damien the Leper", the "Saint of Moloka?" (see Belgian Laces Vol.16 #59 - 1994-2). The local population is very disappointed, (not to say "upset") as are the organizers of the great festivities that had been planned for the beatification celebrations in May 1994. These were postponed because of the Pope's unfortunate fall, which caused him to cancel his visit to Belgium and the festivities in Tremelo. Now news was received that the Pope plans to visit Belgium June 3 and 4, but that he will remain in Brussels, where he apparently will beatify Father Damien.

# A Belgian Physician leads the aids-campaign of the United Nations

The Belgian Doctor **Peter Piot** has been named director of a new United Nations program in the battle against AIDS.

This program unites for the first time six United Nationsorganizations in the battle against the aids- epidemic: the World Bank, the World-Health-Organization (WHO), Unicef, the United Nations Development Program (UNDP), UNESCO and UNFPA. This represents the greatest worldwide initiative ever to be undertaken in the battle against AIDS.

Prior to his nomination, Piot was co-director of the aidsprogram of WHO. The 45-year old Piot, believes that this new program will prove to be the best way to battle the aidspidemic worldwide and will be more efficient than what has been tried before. (from Het Volk)

### **NEW DUTCH SILVER DUCAT - Witness of the past**

According to the Windmill a change in the Mint Law has prompted the Dutch Mint to issue the first in its new series of Silver Ducats, which will feature the seven members of the 16th-century Dutch United Republic. Minted first is the ducat of Groningen, formed when the city and the ommelanden (the surrounding area) were united (as a province) in 1594.

The ducat of Groningen was first introduced in 1659. The face of the ducat features a knight, who holds a sword (downwards) as well as Groningen's coat of arms. The legend reads: *Mo.No.Arg.Reg. Belgii Gron.* the abbreviation of Moneta Nova *Argentea Regni Belgii Groningae*. This translated: New Silver Coin of the Kingdom of the Netherlands Groningen. The legend of the 1659 was different because there was not yet a kingdom of the Netherlands. Why is the Regni Belgii (possessive form of Regnum and of Belgium) not translated as the kingdom of Belgium?

In the 16<sup>th</sup> century Belgium was the Latin name given by the Humanists to the 17 provinces of the *Low Countries* or *de Nederlanden* (plural !), which included present Belgium and Holland. The Latin name for *Nieuw Nederland* (now New York and surroundings) was *Novum Belgium*. Today the Dutch Kingdom is known as *Nederland* (singular !) in the Dutch language, as *The Netherlands* (plural) in English.

On the reverse of the ducat is the legend Concordia Res Parvae Crescunt (literally: through concord small things grow). The saying goes back to Roman historian Sallistius (86-34 BC) who wrote in his Bellum Jugurthinum (War with King Jugurtha of Numidia): *Concordia parvae res crescunt*, discordia maximae dilabuntur, i.e. through concord small things grow strong,

through discord the greatest grow weak. The Dutch made it *eendracht maakt machi, tweedracht maakt onmacht.* The French version of the first part *L'Union fait la force* became the motto of the Belgian coat-of-arms. The English version is *Union is strength.* Yes, there still is some nostalgia in the Netherlands! (Karel Denys in the Gazette van Detroit.)

### The "Schengen-Agreement"

Ten years after the agreement was signed in Schengen, Luxemburg, the borders between seven European Union countries have been opened. As of March 26, 1995 there are no more official borders between Germany, France, Spain, Portugal, The Netherlands, Belgium and Luxemburg; all passport- and merchandise control at the borders between these countries has been stopped. The agreement had been signed between Belgium, The Netherlands, Germany and France in 1985; Spain and Portugal come on board later. Italy and Greece are expected to join shortly. Austria will sign by the end of April; Ireland, Denmark and Great Britain are not joining the "open border agreement" for the time being. In order to combat international criminality, the seven countries turn to a central police organization: Europol.

For the citizens of the "Seven Schengen-States" the most obvious change will be in air travel. Travel between them from now on is considered as "inland flight". (from Deutschland Nachrichten)

### NAMUR a Province with a Future:

An effective structure has been set up in the province to welcome new business.

The province of Namur offers not only plentiful private accommodations but also:

- 28 industrial estates, most equipped with facilities for SMEs;
- a science park which is also equipped with facilities for SMEs;
- two technology centers associated with two universities in Namur and Gembloux and providing space for SMEs whose activities are directly related to those of the research teams;
- the autonomous port of the province.

Two of the technological SMEs in Namur, Lambdatech (biotechnology) and Virtual Technologies (virtual reality simulation) were selected in 1994 as the Belgian members of the European "Euroleaders" program.

# Historical agreements between Flanders and The Netherlands

A new age dawned for Flanders and The Netherlands on January 17th 1995, for on that date Luc Van den Branden, Minister-President of Flanders and Wim Kok, Minister-President of The Netherlands, signed four official treaties intended to bring closer cooperation between the two partners. A first treaty deals with cooperation in the fields of culture, education, sciences and welfare and replaces the old Belgian-Dutch treaty of 1946. The term culture is used in a very broad sense and included language, art, sociocultural work, media, sport and recreation.

The three other treaties are so called "Water- Treaties", and relate to the widening of the sea lane in the Western Schelde, the protection of the rivers Maas and Schelde and the draining of water from the Maas. The signing of the three Water Treaties brought to an end more than twenty years of long-drawn-out negotiations between the two countries about deepening of the Western Schelde and improving the quality of the Maas water. A deeper Western Schelde will make the Port of Antwerpen more

easily accessible for larger ships and enable it to attract new trafic. Besides providing employment for 65.000 people, the Port of Antwerpen generates an annual revenue of 113 billion francs in taxes and social contributions.

### **BEKAERT** The Flemish steel wire manufacturer

Out of the humble beginnings of an iron monger in 1830, Leo Bekaert set up his first barbed wire factory in Zwevegem, West Flanders in 1880. The company's current 11.000 personnel achieve a worldwide turnover of 79 billion francs and have 55 production centers in 18 countries; Bekaert is quoted on the stock market, where the founder's family, with 48 % of the shares is still firmly in control.

The steel wire production has expanded to wire and cables for suspension bridges, various forms of fencing as well as bicycle spokes and wires for very specific applications. This is an extremely high-technology market. For example: the company is the world leader in the production of wire for champagne corks as well as making wire for staples, springs and steel fibers for reinforced concrete.

Bekaert is the market leader in the supply of steel cord for the reinforcement of tires. Two important types of steel cord are the so-called bead wire and tire cord, which reinforce radial tires.

High-pressure hose reinforcement wires used on drilling platforms and bulldozers; and steel cords for conveyor belts represent an important part of Bekaert's total production line. Bekaert has started up new steel wire production units in several European , Latin American and United States sites. In the US there are Bekaert units in Muskegon, Michigan; Shelbyville, Kentucky; Dyersburg, Tennessee and Rogers, Arkansas

Bekaert is the market leader in technology and quality. The founder, Leo Bekaert, didn't beat about the bush:" We have only one aim: to stay at the sharp edge of progress and to offer products with our name as their guarantee of perfect quality

# DID YOU KNOW?

- that culinary connaisseurs rate Brussels as one of the top three restaurant cities in the world? The two other ones are Paris and Hong Kong, but Belgians will be quick to claim that among the three, Brussels leads (to which your editor says: AMEN).
- that Belgium possesses the "Bed & Breakfast" organization "to end all others" (sic Frommer in Belgium, a MasterDiece) if you are interested in taking advantage of the "bed & breakfast" option for lodgings during your next trip to "the old country, contact Mine Simone BlanckeHinnekens, La Rose des Vents 9 Avenue des Quatre Vents 1810 Wemmel (Brussels) Tel. 02/460-34-59 for a listings of members of the Belgian "Bed & Breakfast" organization. Contrary to the general trend in the United States, where "bed & breakfasts" are leaning toward the more costly lodgings, in Europe in general renting a room with a private citizen is the cheapest

and most interesting form of lodging. It offers you the experience of family living with residents who are as much interested in meeting and visiting with people from around the world as in earning the rather small sum they charge for such facilities.

- that between 20 and 30 % of the Belgian population lives at the edge of poverty? (Le Soir 1.13.95)
- that the "Best of Belgium Tour" organized by the Belgian Culture Center in Moline, III. for September 1995 has deposits in for 25 people! They have a limit of 30 passengers, but if the interest for this tour continues, they will increase the limit to 40 and hire an extra tour guide. If you have any questions or would like a day-to-day itinerary call Sea World Travel and Tours 1.800-827-1443.

### Where to turn for Belgian Imports (Graciously provided by Celie Donohue, buyer for the Center for Belgian Culture of Western Illinois in Moline, IL)

**For Belgian Chocolates and candies: WESTDALE** FOODS CO. 7825 5. Roberts Rd. Bridgeview, IL. 60455 - Tel. (708) 458 7774 - Fax. (708) 458 1298

For "Peperkoek - Pain d'Epices" HOLLAND HONEY CAKE CO. 420 W 17th Street Holland Ml 49423-3440 - Tel. 1-800-423 1903 Fax(616) 3964915

For "Lukken" or "Galettes" Irons: VERKINDEREN BOLLE'S & LUKKENYZER'S 207 English, box 235 - Ghent, MN 56239

For Belgian lace handkerchiefs, picture frames, lace ornaments etc, etc

AND SO FORTH .... IMPORTS Inc. P.O.Box 1811 - Burnsville, MN 55337 Tel: 1-880 8802734- Fax 612 432 0219

### **HISTORICAL VALUE of the US. DOLLAR**

Did you ever wonder about some long ago ancestor's estate or land transaction and what it was actually worth in today's market? The following comparison chart is provided from the Government of Labor's Bureau of Statistics of Living Conditions:

One dollar in	equaled in 1991 dollars
1820-1850	\$13.28
1850-1875	\$13.14
1875-1900	\$14.85
1900-1925	\$11.38
1935	\$9.91
1945	\$7.56
1965	\$4.31
1975	\$2.35
1985	\$1.26

(From" Trails to the Past - Fort Hays Kansas Genealogical Society -Vol. III #2)

And that is already 10 years ago again wonder what I would be today?

# Belgian Laces Vol 17 #63 WORLD WAR II MEMORIES

What do you remember about World War II? - Please share your memories of what you (or what a member 01 your tamily) experienced during that time, it doesn't have to beef military nature. Whatever you can share will be much appreciated and will be published in Belgian Laces.

Please send your remarks to me, thank you
Micheline Gaudette
8 Wyckoff Ave.
Holyoke, MA 01040

### MEMORIES World War II

By Howard Francis Thomas

SPA, don't have much of a recollection of, but I do have a strong memory of VERVIERS, where we were billeted in what I think was a bicycle assembly or auto repair shop before the war, It had been used by the Germans to assemble fuselages and tall assemblies of ME-lOg's before we got there. I can still recall sitting in the cockpit of one of the completed fuselages reading a book and thanking my stars that I had not selected to try for the Air Force. Also, just up the road to the east in the Utt~e vdlage of floE I had the best fried eggs I had ever tasted to that point .... we traded eigareftes with a family for the eggs and the w~e cooked them for us . I remember eating something like 10 eggs in one sitting .... the best food we had had for ages.

Later on, in December 1945 when we were in BAD MERGENTHEIM. Germany, accompanied one of my buddies on a leave of absence to HEFiLEEN, near MAASTRICHT. to be the best man at h,s wedding to a Dutch girl. We had taken the train from FRANKFURT. routed through PARIS and LIEGE, and arrived at the border town of VISF, Belgium about 11:30 on New Years eve December SI, 1945. We were due in -IERLEEN New Years day, but the train (a work train) terminated there. We welcomed in the New Year with about six Belgian railroad workers in their work hut while we waited for the switch engine that was supposed to be going up to MAASTRICHT at about 2:00 AM. to pick up several cars and bring them back to VISE. If finally arrived and we staggered aboard the little engine

if was snowing heavily. I don't remember what the liquid refreshment was, but we were feeling no pain., as we rickety-raokeled across the border and on to MAASTRICHT. Having always ridden back in the train cars. L was astounded to find that the engine didn't just run smoothly down the track but jerked and rocked violently side to side as if it was trying to jerk itself oft the rails. We did make it all right, covered with a good dusting of coal smoke and grime, but luckily we were able to wash up somewhat at the MAASTRICHT station while waiting for the MAASTRICHT-HERLEEN streetcar to start running. We arrived pretty worn out at our destination, but in limo to impress the bride's family with our punctuality, if not our cleanliness. I had the impression that the bride's father was not all that overjoyed to see us, but the wedding went off on schedule the next day.

It's strange what experiences stick in ones mind from the past. At that time I had absolutely no inkling whatsoever that my mother's ancestors originated in that part of Belgium and if was only many years later that I found that out

Howard Francis THOMAS was honorably discharged on January 30, 1946. having served in the Second Field Artillery Battalion of the XVI Corps st US Army.

According to Howard, the Second Field Artillery Battalion was a 75mm. pack artillery unit using mules which became the battalion symbol. The Second Field Artillery Battalion was formed in 1907 as a successor to the First, which was almost wiped out n the Philippines.

# Belgian Laces Vol 17 #63 **NIVELLES**

by Leen J. Inghels

The cover of this issue of Belgian Laces proudly displays one of Belgium's all time romanesque iewels: the Collegiate Church of St. Gertrude in Nivelles, Brabant.

Nivelles was considered the capital of the "Roman Pays" of Brabant, he. the French speaking part of the province. Today, after the division of Brabant in three regions, Flemish Brabant, Walloon Brabant and the Brussefs Region, Nivelles guards Walloon Brabant's economic and judicial affairs (see Karel Denys' article: Leuven. a capitol again..)

The site was most probably already inhabited at the time of Julius Caesar's conquests, but the development of the city of Nivelles itself is traced back to an abbey founded c. 641-650 by the widow of Pepin van Londen, also called Pepin le Vieux or Pepin the Elder, (great-grandfather of Charlemagne) whose daughter, St. Gertrude (625-659) was the first abbess. She was born in Nivelles, and here she founded her abbey, so richly endowing it that it became one of the greatest and most powerful in Christendom. The building of the abbey as we see it today occured during the 11th & 12th centuries. It was dependent on the Diocese of Liege from where the abbess received titles and orders directly from the emperor, which also explains the Roman - Germanic - Imperial characteristics of the structures.

The nearly 1000 year old Collegiate Church is the gem of the region and stands in the middle of the town. It is dedicated to St. Gertrude. and was consecrated in its present form in 1046. Because of its cheer volume, its impressive facade, its turrets and its massive tower dominates the view of the town from afar.

The collegate is a good example of the "double- ended Rhenish-Homan basilica", so called because of its bicephalous (or double-ended) plan, consisting of two transepts and two facing choirs. The western nave dates from the 12th century. The nave is surmounted by an octagonal romanesque boll tower, which houses 49 bells with a total weight of 14.298 kilos (7.150 lbs). One of the two turrets which flank the nave, houses Jean (or Dlean) do Nivelles. the famous copper bell-ringer from the first half of the 15th century (he is faintly visible on the side of the right hand turret in the picture on the B.L. cover). The inside of this majestic church is 102 meters (approx. 306 reef) long.

The church was built on top of earlier churches that go back to the time of the frrst abbey (7th cent.) and contain the remains of a merovingian chapel and church and three carolingian churches. There is also an ossuary and the tomb of St. Gertrude whose remains have been sub~eet to intense venerations during the long Medieval period. After a great fire ravaged the sanctuary around the year 1000, the religious community decided to build a new and much larger church on the ruins of the former, and to gather the remains of St. Gertrude in a wooden crate. which the Emperor Henri III brought to the altar in 1046 during the consecration of the church by the Bishop of Liege.

Beneath the choir is an 11th century crypt, the oldest and largest Romanesque crypt in Belgium. From the crypt one enters the "Excavations where the levels of the 7th cent. Merovingian church and the Later Sth-IOth cent, churches are clearly visible. On the north side of the church is the early-ISth cent, abbey, of which only the north side retains its original romanesque-ogival form: the others were poorly restored in 1846, but ilt least proved a renewal of

interest in medieval architecture. These first steps to a global restoration of the building were interrupted and put on the back burner by WW I, but the project was picked up again in the 30's, encouraged by the fact that the site was now listed among historical monuments. The works are brutally interrupted again by a bombardement at the start of WW II, when the wooden ceilings and the massive oak beams of the framework of the roof structures are devastated by fire again, and only the charred walls remained standing. But, this gave birth to renewed diggings, excavations and discoveries, which where started even during the German occupation. Based on old drawings, pictures and thorough study of the architecture of the 10-12th centuries this historic treasure was rebuilt to its original beauty and formidable simplicity, so characteristic of the Rhenish-Romanesque architecture in Belgium. In the 1 6th cent. sacristy are the broken remains of the once magnificent Shrine of St. Gertrude. a gem of gothic silversmiths art (1272-1798), that was destroyed during the 1940 bombings. A fullscale replica of the shrine gives some idea of the dimension of this artistic loss. The collegiate St. Gertrude owned a large treasury which was removed elsewhere for "safe-keeping" in 1939, but which was completely destroyed during the war.

The war destruction in Nivelles was extensive: countless old homes, the Hôtel de Ville (City Hall) with its four cdy giants Argayon, Argayonne, Lola and their horse Godet, which enjoyed the privilege to follow the procession of "Madame Sair,te Gertrude', whose remains are annually taken from the reliquary and led on a 13 km (8 mile) pilgrimage across the fields and meadows. I'm happy to report that the three giants have been faithfully reconstructed and that the St. Gertrude Procession takes place annually on Sunday after September 29.

The town's Archeological Museum is housed in the former refuge of the Trinitarian order of Orival and contains collections of masterpieces of Brabant sculptures, paintings by Rubens, furniture of local origin and a collection of pottery ranging from the 12th to the 16th centuries. Two rooms also display the prehistoric and Gallo-Roman epochs of the Nivelles region. Among other monuments and historic buildings are: the church of the Recollets, a remarquable gothic structure with an adjacent cloister; the Simone Tower, last of the eleven defensive towers of the former ramparts dating from the 12th century: the Obelisk fountain: many town houses dating back to the 16th century and several abbey refuges from the 17th and 18th centuries. The Touristoffice is located in the Waux Hall.

Nivelles' Dodaine Park is beautifully laid out with flower gardens and numerous statues as well as a rectangular ornamental lake. The gastronomic specialty of NiveWes is its Tarte Al Djote a tart shell filled with a mi,dure of creamy cheese, chard, chopped onion and herbs. Or enjoy its Doubles, buckwheat pancakes with creamy cheese filling.

For overnight stay, Nivelles has a motel: **Motel Sud Nivelles**, which has 115 rooms at the Chaussee de Mona, 22- 1400 Nivelles. Other facilities may be available as well

<u>Sources</u>: La Region Wallonie, Le Patrimoine Majeur de Wallonie (1993): H.W. Janson, History of Art, (1973): Colophon, Walloon Brabant. a Land of Charm and Beauty (1992)

### Belgian Laces Vol 17 #63 EMILIUS JULIANUS VANDENBOSCH

A"VandenBosch" by any other spelling or pronunciation is still a VandenBosch.

There are two variations of the name in use within the family.

The first VandenBosch, which results from a mistake on my grandfather's emigration papers, and the second: Busch, is a result of Americanization.

In spite of the fact that the name VandenBosch literally means: "from the Forest", from which my ancestors originated and many took their livelihood, my grandfather followed the footsteps of his father and maternal grandfather, who were bargemen. The water, whether river, sea, or ocean became not only his first love, but also his lifelong mistress.

Emilius Julianus VandenBosch, known to my family as "Emil", was born 26 November 1868

his life. He was the son of Ludovicus Julianus and Rosalia 1870. the Wilford Steamers Company is perhaps one of the Van Wauwe.

Belgium, married 20 July 1859 in Temse, died 1 January 1895 ferrying goods and passengers. In addition, their steamers not in Brussels, Belgium. Rosalia, born 10 December 1835 in only provided an economic service, they contributed to Temse, died 16 September 1870 in Temse.

There were six children born to Ludovicus and Rosalia, only Consequently, the Scheldt is essentially responsible for the three lived to adulthood. All were born in Temse: Maria town's overall fame, which began to blossom during the Mathildis, born 24 August 1860, died 30 December 1863; 1880's. Charles Joseph, born 26 September 1862, moved to Antwerp. As a tidal river, the Scheldt sometimes flooded. These intense Belgium 14 April 1887; Maria Mathildis, born 28 March acts of nature, coupled with architectural treasures and old 1865, moved to Sint-Niklaas, Belgium 26 October 1870, world charm, created rare scenic views along canals. salt Emilius (my grandfather) and Rosalia Eleonora, born 5 July marshes, flooded grassland and forests. The sum of which 1870, died 28 June 1871.

Rosalia died at the age of thirty four, subsequent to the birth of There are some characteristics of the inhabitants of Temse that her last child, most likely due to prolonged complications of the pregnancy. Charles, age 8; Maria, ages; Emilius, age 2: 1) they were called "azijnzekers", a nickname given to the of his loss, the close proximity of relatives and his profession, surroundings of Temse.

Nevertheless, Ludovicus sensed the importance of a mother The mariners were especially "marked men": physically, he is figure in his daughters' lives. He therefore sent Maria to live slender and supple, dark complected with leathered skin, due with his sister Oamillia in Sint-Niklaas, while the infant to years of exposure to the elements. In intellect, he is Rosalia was placed with relatives in Ghent, Belgium, where she died shortly after. However Charles and Ernilius remained in Temse with their father, thus beginning their education as the sea. watermen.

earth to nurture an appreciation and love of the water than my understanding that Emilius never saw his father again after Emilius' birthplace. Temse is situated in the North of Flanders, in the Province of Oost-Vlaanderen, which 1887. At present, I do not know what became of him. Emilius encompasses the region known as the "Land of Waas". The moved to Antwerp on 28 February 1894, where he resided for town is surrounded by the larger cities of Antwerp to the east, a short period only. Emilius' "Declaration of Intention" states Ghent to the west, and Sint-Niklaas to the north. Temses that he emigrated to America from Antwerp, aboard the vessel southern boundary follows the shoreline of the mighty Scheldt "Belanoc", arriving at the Port of Newport News, Virginia on River.



VANDENBOSCH 1868-1939

by Jean Bosch McMahon

The Scheldt has richly influenced Temse's history throughout the centuries, and in fact, has been considered its lifeline since its founding during the GaIIoRoman period. Henceforth, although agriculture was one of the most important economic activities for hundreds of years, many families earned their living from the bounty harvested from the river and its tributaries.

Likewise, long before there were any real means of transportation: the waterways were a source of communication.

During the 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> centuries, Temses importance to the region was substantially aided by the establishment of small shipbuilding yards along the Scheldts edge. These companies provided an enormous socio-economic boost for the growing town.

in Temse, Belgium, where he spent the first twenty six years of Prior to the construction of a bridge across the Scheldt in larger and more recognizable firms. Wilfords created the first Ludovicus . born 20 March 1827, in St Jans-Molenbeek, permanent connection between Temse and Antwerp in 1857, Temse's recognition as a tourist center.

provided unparalleled beauty and attractions for tourists.

are worth rnentioning;

and Rosalia Eleonora, age 2 months were left to the care of inhabitants of Temse, which literally means "people who pee their grievous father. Considering the children's age and depth vinegar'. The nickname stems from the fact that Temse used to have vinegar factories; 2) they were of marked physical and Ludovicus apparently decided to remain in the familiar emotional ability; 3) many had been conditioned by generations of service on the river.

> ingenious, imaginative and artistic. As a man, he possesses an adventurous nature, and a passionate attraction and devotion to

Ludovicus retired prior to 1860, moving to Brussels on 13 There could not possibly be a more advantageous place on February 1883, where he remained until his death in 1695. It is he moved to Brussels. His son Charles moved to Antwerp in 24 April 1898, believe the year on this document is a mistake, and should read 1894. I am presently awaiting

further information from the port authorities at Antwerp.

Emilius left Belgium behind, but the national blood flowed strongly through his veins. He deeply loved his homeland, and soon became intensely loyal to his adopted country. In suffering, in peril, in his darkest hours, he sang songs and turned his face toward the brighter side of things. Yet, he did not lack seriousness, and was ready to die for his convictions, if need be.

Although great distance separated him from all that was familiar, Emilius love of the water was his constant companion. It seems only natural that he chose a profession in which to maintain a continued

relationship with her. Emilius enlisted in the United States *Revenue Cutter* Service on 13 April 1896 at Norfolk, Virginia. He served during the SpanishlAmerican War, also known as the "War with Spain'. aboard the cutter "Manning". The Manning was designed in accordance with ancestral clipper-cutters, with exception to a plump bow. It is interesting to note that she was one of the last cutters ever rigged for sail, and simultaneously carried one of the first electdc generators installed in her class. She was suitable for scouting. rendering assistance, and cruising moderately long distances.

The steamer was initially assigned cruising grounds along the New England coast. Under the command of **Fred M. Munger**, R,C.S., she was ordered to serve as a coastal patrol vessel with the Navy, from 24 March to 17 August 1898, out of Norfolk, VA.

During this time, the Manning served a tour- month war deployment May to August off the coast of Cuba, on blockade and escort duty.

Emilius. a radio quartermaster, not only participated in this campaign: but was awarded combat medals for the conflicts at Mariel, 13 May 1898, and Naguetro, Cuba. 18 July 1898. These medals are in possession of his grandson L. Frank VondenBosch.

Absolute proof of Emilius' enlistment, as well as involvment in the Cuban crisis can be found in the original muster rolls of the U.S.S. Manning. in the National Archives ri Washington. D.C.. The following evidence was extracted from one such roll by Howard F. Thomas:

MUSTER ROLL of the OFFICERS and CREW of the USS. MANNING (U.S Revenue Cutter Service, Dept. of the Treasury), for the month of July 1898.

Crew No: 7

Name: F VANDENBOSCHE Rank or Rate: Quartermaster

Days Present :31

Date of Enlistment 189Q April 13 3 Yr Enlistment, Yr No.: 1st Where Enlisted: Norfolk, VA.



Revenue Cutter Manning 1898-1930. the era of transition from sail to steam. Designed as a cruising cutter for tte U.S.R.C.S, built by Atlantic Works of E. Boston, Mass.; commissioned at Boston, 8 January 1898, decommissioned at Norfolk. Va., 22 May 1930; sold to Charles L. Jording of Baltimore, Md. Dec 1930 Displacement, 1,155 tons; Length. 205'; Beam. 32' Drafts, 13'9"; Speed, 15 knots, Armament 2-3" guns & 2 six pounder rapid fire guns.

Where born: Tetnsche, Belgium

*Age:* 30

Occupation: Manner

Eyes: Grey Hairs 8mM, Complexion. Dark

Height: 57 1/2 Remarks: none

Approved 4<sup>th</sup> day August 1898 off Cienfugos, Cuba /s/Fred M Munger,

Captain USRCS

Subsequent to the signing of the treaty between the United States and Spain in July 1898, the <u>Manning</u> and the crew remained on blockade and escort duty along the Cuban coastline, until November 1898. Upon cessation of all hostilities, the steamer resumed patrol

duties along the eastern coast of the United States.

In December 1896, while in port at Boston, MA. her command was transferred from F. M. Munger to **Captain W H. Roberts**, R.C.S.. Likewise, it was here that my grandfather said "hon voyage" to the Manning and crew. Emilius J. VandenBosch was honorably discharged on 3 January 1899.

His traveler's blood once again coursing, Emilius set out in search of new adventures. The transition to civilian Fife, and more importantly, landlocked life, must have been quite difficult for him whose entire existence had been waterborne. Nevertheless, his sojourn on the water ended, yet, his unquenchable passion for her sustained itself.

Emilius travelled to and settled in the potl city of Baltimore, Maryland, where he became a citizen of the U.S.. His Declaration of Intention was s~ned and dated 12 November 1917. This document is now in possession of his grandson, **William E. VondenBosch**. I nave not as yet obtained a copy of his citizenship papers. The 1910 Maryland census states his occupation as 'house painter', which was his main source of income throughout the remainder of his life. However, Emilius worked as a dockmaster at the port of Baltimore, ca 1817-1920.

He married 2 July 1901, in Baltimore, Louisa Henrietta Schneider, born 18 September 1879, in Moheim, Germany, daughter of Fried,ich Charles Schneider and Elizabeth Catherine Gash. Louisa em,grated from Germany wsth her parents prior to 1888. arriving at the port of Baltimore. She died 17 April 1942 in Baltimore.

Emilius and Louisa had thirteen children, all born in the city of Baltimore

- 1 .**Katherine Elizabeth**, b. 1 Aug. 1902, d. 1 Feb 1972, m Nov 1923, **Benjamin H. Smith**, b. 6 Jan. 1889, Baltimore, d. 6 Apr. 1943. Baltimore:
- 2. **Louis Franklin**, b. 19 Nov. 1903, d 5 Mar 1973, Pasadena, MD. m.4 Feb 1930, **Margaret L. Burns**. b.10 Aug. 1911, Knoxville. MD., d. 16 Oct. 1994, Baltimore;
- 3. Emil, b. 5 Jul. 1905. d. 27 Mar. 1970. Pasadena, m.30

Apr 1925, **Ethel L. Jones**, b. 17 June 1905, Baltimore, d.28 Nov. 1971. Pasadena.

- 4. **Charles George** b. 4 Dec. 1906 d. 26 Aug. 1972, Baltimore; m. **Elisabeth B. Gutermuth**, b. 27 Nov. 1911. Baltimore. d. 14 Dec.1969, Baltimore:
- 5 Charles' identical twin died at birth:
- 6 Elizabeth. 6.28 Oct. 1908, d.15 Man. 1926. Baltimore,
- 7 **Franklin**, b.13 Jan. 1911. 5.2 Nov. 1981, Pasadena, m **Evelyn Zimmers**;
- 8 **Frederick Charles**, b. £ Sept. 1912. d. 27 Oct.1920. Baltimore:
- 9 Carl Christopher. b 23 Jan 1915. d. 3 Oct. 1972. Baltimore. m. Elsie
- 10 **Herman**, b. 29 Dec 1917, d. 21 Oct. 1954, Baltimore, m **Martha Stubbins**;
- 11 **Henrietta Louise**, b. 26 Dec. 1919, d. 12 Sept.1987, New Jersey, m **Smith**;
- 12 **Harry**. b.24 Feb. 1920, d. 17 July 1979, Pasadena. m. 25 Apr. 1956, **Shirley .J Parks**, b. 20 Aug. 1935. Baltimore, d. 29 July 1987. Pasadena (my beloved parents);
- 13 **Rosalie**, b. 1 Mar. 1922. d. 14 Apr. 1984, Baltimore, m. **Edward Ulatowski**, d. 25 Nov. 1983, Baltimore.

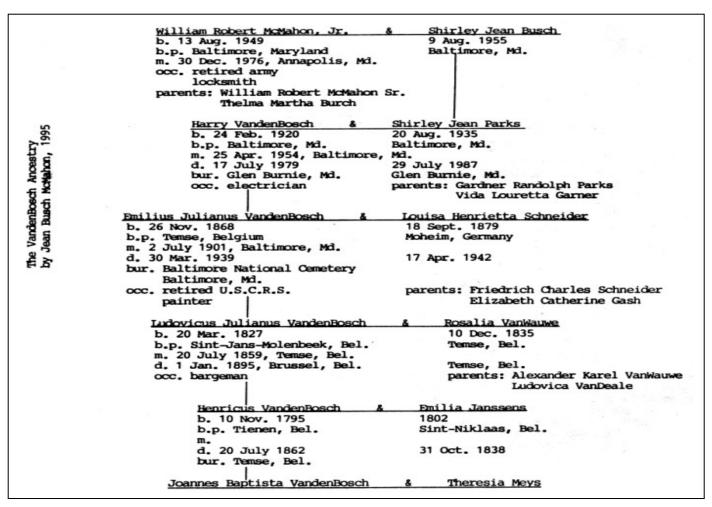
There were 29 grandchildren born to Emilius and Louisa. In addition, at last count there were 45 great-grandchildren, 23 great-great-grandchildren, and one great-great-grandchild.

The **VandeBosch** family eventually settled in Brooklyn, a suburb of Baltimore. in a two-story house which Emilius built, ca. 1925. Their daily lives were not much different from those of other 19<sup>th</sup> century emigrants to Maryland. They were poor, hard working, and their home life was simple, loving, and moral.

In spite of the fact that my grandfather never again felt the flow of water beneath his feet, he never surmounted his passion for her. To the contrary, Emilius, an avid screen painter, depicted the depth of his emotion in oceanic murals on the basement walls of the family home. I visited with the present owners in 1992, and inquired about the murals. Although the basement was panelled some years ago, they assured me that the paintings remain intact beneath.

Emilius died at home on the morning of 30 March 1939. as a result of cardiovascular disease. He, as well as Louisa, was laid to rest at Baltimore National Cemetery, in Baltimore.

**Emilius J. VandenBosch** served his adopted homeland as a loyal sailor, defending the rights of others. He was a devoted husband and father, as well as a good citizen. The legacy he left us was not based on financial wealth or property, it courses through our veins and is rooted in the cornerstone of our ancestry. He gave us humility, fortitude, courage, determination, creativity, and ungrudging, cheerful spirits. He gave us his name and heritage, each priceless.



### LEUVEN. A CAPITAL AGAIN



by Karel Denys

January 1<sup>st</sup>, 1995 was a historical day for Belgium, when from nine province it went to ten, and Brussels, its capital was no longer the province capital of Brabant. What happened is the division of Brabant

into Vlaams Brabant . Flemish Brabant . and Brabant Wallon, Walloon Brabant. The Brussels Region, i.e. Brussels and its suburbs, now forms an independent enclave within Flemish Brabant. comparable to the District of Columbia in the USA

### The Brabant that was

Once upon a time, the Duchy of Brabant extended all the way to the Maas River in the north and included the present provinces of North Brabant in the Netherlands and of Brabant and Antwerp in Belgium, and even extended eastwards to the Rhine River to include the Duchy of Limburg.

The city of Antwerp must be the only place where the memory of **Brabo**, the mythical ancestor of the Brabant dynasty, is kept alive. Brabo was the hero who cut oft the hand of **Druon Antigon**, the giant bully who terrorized the Schelde River. Brabo is immortalized by a statue in front ot Antwerp's city hall, showing him about to throw the hand of the giant in the river. At one time the city of Antwerp was proud to exhibit a relic, a bone of the giant. In 1520 the famous German painter and engraver **Albrecht Durer** (1411-1528) visited Antwerp and mentions in his diary that with his own eyes he. saw the bone of the giant. Later scientitic study led to the conclusion that the bone was that of a whale! - Braho is also featured on top of the wrought iron decoration surmounting a 15th century stone well near the entrance of Antwerp's cathedral.

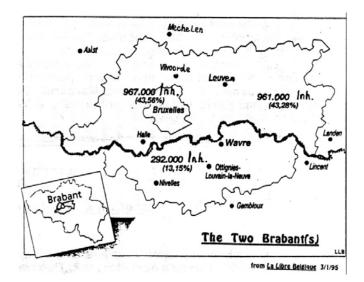
Serious historians refer to a document of 870 with the oldest known reference to Brabant. Originally in Latin it was spelled *Bracbantum or Bracbant*, which betrays the Frankish origin of the name. It is derived from two germanic words:

**Brac** (braak in Dutch) meaning fallow, and **banti**, district. Brabant was a *pagus* (Latin for district) within Lower Lorraine, a territory between Schelde and Rhine Rivers, which became a part of the Holy Roman Empire (Germany) in 925 AD. Brabant included four principalities, one of which was Brussels. When Lambert I. Count of Leuven who died in 1015, inherited Brussels, he became the founder of the Brabant dynasty, and Leuven became the capital of Brabant.

**Godfrey I, the "Bearded"** (1095-1140) a descendant of Lambert I received the title of Duke of Lower Lorraine from Emperor **Henry V** in 1100, who then also united the Margraviate of Antwerp with Brabant. His descendant, **Henri I. "the Warrior"** (1183-1235). had great ambitions for

Brabant, abandoned the title of Duke of Lower Lorraine in 1190, and assumed that of Duke of Brabant. He is buried in the church ot St. Peter in Leuven, which remained the capital of Brabant until the end of the 14th century. That's when Brussels became the capital.

Ancient Brabant has been divided several times, particularly in 1648, when the northern part of Brabant was joined to the Dutch Republic. In 1795 France imposed new divisions called "départements" named after rivers: the Département of the Dyle. which was to become the province of Brabant; that of the two Nethes, covering the future province of Antwerp and part of Dutch Brabant. The other part of Dutch Brabant became the Dèpartement of the Rhine Mouths in 1810. In 1815, after the defeat of Napoleon, the division of the former Duchy of Brabant became stabilized into the provinces of North Brabant in The Netherlands, and Antwerp and Brabant in Belgium



### **Today's new Provinces**

Leuven is the provincial capital of Flemish Brabant, which has a population of 961.000 or 43.28% of the former Brabant province. The provincial governor is **Lode De Witte** (49), a native of Kortrijk-Dutsel and there are 75 members in the Provincial Council.

Wavre, the capital of Walloon Brabant, unlike Leuven. only hosts the provincial government, with **Valmy Fëaux** (61) as governor, and 56 council members Nivelles guards the province's economy and its judicial center. Tourists services are in Waterloo and some functionaries reside in Chastre. Walloon

Brabant has a population of 292.000 or 13.15% of the former province (this according to La Libre Belgique, La Wallonie claims 321,000). That leaves the Brussels Region with 967,000 residents of 43.56%.

The ancient coat-of-arms of the Dukes of Brabant was a lion rampant of gold, with a tongue and claws of gule (red) on a field of sable (black). It was that of the Belgian Brabant province and found Its way in the Belgian royal coat-of-arms, while the king of the Belgians still has the title of Duke of

Brabant. It is still the coat-of-arms of Dutch North Brabant. What will be the coat-of-arms of the new Brabant provinces? Any suggestions?

(Copied from <u>Gazette van Detroit</u> with express authorization of the author.)

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# THE BELGIAN-AMERICAN HERITAGE SOCIETY of WEST VIRGINIA

by René Zabeau. President

The Belgian-American Heritage Society of West Virginia, Inc. held its hi-monthly meeting on Sunday afternoon April 9, at the Waldomore Cultural Center in Glarksburg, W. Virginia.

At this meeting plans were made for the annual Belgian picnic at the Clarksburg City Park formerly Norwood Park) in the large Maple Shelter on Sunday July 16, Iggsboginningat 12noon. The shelter can easily accommodate 150 people.

At last years picnic we had persons of Belgian heritage in attendance from every area of the State of West Virginia as well as Belgian-Americans from Virginia. Maryland, Delaware and Pennsylvania. As in past years, the W.VA. Society extends an invitation to all of you to join us on this joyous occasion. There will be games, prizes, music and .... good food! The Society wHl provide the meat and the beverages. Members from the Clarksburg area will provide the rest of the meat. - Those who live a distance away do not have to bring any food!

At the April meeting those in attendance had a chance to take part in a French lesson as well as learning some Walloon dialect. Mr. **Thomas Tillman** from Binche. Belgium, an exchange student attending a Clarksburg High School assisted in the teaching. After the otficral meeting there was a social hour with refreshments being provided by the members serving on the Social Committee. Several people from outside the central W. VA. area were present at the meeting: **James F. Delforge** and **Margaret Delforge** from St. Albans W.Va. **Virginia Dumont Gillespie** and **Kellis Gillespie** from Hurricane W.VA. Albert **Remain** from Philippi W.VA. and **Thomas Tillman** from Binche Belgium.

### WISCONSIN CORNER and News from Wisconsin's Peninsula Belgian-American Club

by Mary Ann Defnet

On July. thirty seven members of the Wauonie-Wisconsin Society of Narnur. Belgium, will arrive in northeastern Wisconsin for a month-long visit. Their plans include attendance at the annual Belgian Days Celebration at Brussels in Door County, local Fourth of July festivities: a tour of the Door County peninsula, and a special 20th anniversary dinner. Thirty three people will fly to San Francisco for a two-day visit then return to Wisconsin by bus, taking in many interesting sites along the way: Yosemite. Lake Tahoe. Great Basin National Park, Salt Lake City and the Mormon Temple, the Bonneville Salt Flats, Grand Teton Park, Yellowstone, the Badlands, and Assumption Abbey in North Dakota.

While in Wisconsin, the visitors will be housed in the homes of various Belgian Club members. They are scheduled to return to Belgium on July 26.

Historical and genealogical research will occupy the time of two other visiting Belgians this summer. Miss **Monique Berlier** will come to Green Bay to seek information for her Doctoral thesis on the Walloons of Wisconsin.

Mr. and Mrs. **JAG. Picavet** of Verrebroek will arrive in June. Mr. Picavet is making a complete genealogical study of Verrebroek and the Folder region of Waaslamd, Flanders. Many emigrants from that area settled in Brown County, Wisconsin.

### **Declaration of Intention - Kewaunee County**

By Mary Ann Defnet

Kewaunee Co., particularly the western part, was an important settling place for pioneer Belgian immigrants. While a great many of these settlers made their Declaration of Intention in Brown Co. Court, the Belgians listed here went to the Courthouse in Kewaunee Co. between 1859 and 1874.

9 and 1874.				
Name	Birthdate	Port	Arrival	Declaration
Felicien AGAMAITE	1838	Boston	Oct-71	27-Oct-74
Eugene X ALLET (HALLET)	1810	New Orleans	Jun-71	29.Mar 73
Victor X ALLET (HALLET)	1847	New Orleans	Jun-71	29.Mar 73
Desire BOULANGER (No signature)	1845	New York	Jun-58	31 Mar.73
Louis CHARLIER	1823	New York	Oct-69	27-Oct-74
Charles COLLIN	1844	Detroit	Jun-56	29-Mar-73
John COPPENS	1837	New York	Aug-54	5-Apr-59
Francois X DEHAUX	1849	Detroit	Jun-56	29-Mar-73
Joseph DELAIN	1830	New York	May-56	6-Nov-60
Antoine DELIMONT	1852	Detroit	Jul-64	30-Oct-74
Gregoire DELIMONT	1849	Detroit	4-Jun	26-Oct-74
Victor DELIMONT	1852	Detroit	Jul-54	30-Oct-74
John DEMAIN	1849	New York	Sep-71	2-Nov-74
Edouerd DERENNE	1841	Boston	Sep-71	27-Oct-74
Hector X DESOINE	1829	Green Bay	Jul-56	5-Apr-59
Francois DACIS	1834	New York	Oct-68	28-Mar-73
John B FAX	1833	New York	Apr-57	5-Mar-70
John Peter FAX	1842	New York	Sep-73	6-Apr-75
Jos. H. FAX	1844	New York	Sep-73	6-Apr-75
David FRISQUE	1826	New York	Oct-55	5-Nov-60
Alexandre X GASPARD	1851	New York	Oct-55	29 Mar.73
J. Charles GASPARD	1819	New York	Jul-69	29-Mar-73
Joseph GASPARD	1847	New York	Oct-55	29-Mar-73
Seraphin GASPARD	1844	New York	Oct-55	29-Mar-73
Ferdinand HAEVERS	1841	New York	Oct-55	8-Mar-66
Michel X HERALY	1829	New York	Aug-55	1-Nov-60
Maximillien X JADIN	1834	New York	Nov-55	1-Nov-60
Eugene JAQUE	1842	New York	Aug-56	30-Oct-60
Xavier GELINNE	1820	New York	Apr-70	27-Oct-74
P.J. JUNION	1847	New York	Mar-56	27-0ct-74 29-Mar-73
Charles LACOURT	1834	Detroit	Jun-71	8 Nov 1871
P.J LEFEVRE	1826	New York		29-Mar-73
Gustave LERAT	1831	New York	Sep-66	
			Aug-56	4-Nov-62
Leopold NEUVILLE	1851	New York	Jul-71	26-Oct-74
Antoine Joseph LOOZE	1836	New York	Oct-56	31 Mar 57(Brn Co)
John Baptiste NOEL	1829	Green Bay	Jul-56	5-Apr-59
Joseph NUTELET (WAUTELET?)	1810	Green Gay	Aug-56	5-Apr
J. Joseph X MADOS	1851	New York	Mar-56	4-Sep-73
Joseph MARCELLE	1838	New York	Aug-55	30-Oct-60
Xavier X MARSELLE	1848	Detroit	Aug-54	7-Nov-71
Pierre Joseph MATHU	1843	Detroit	Nov-71	1-Oct-72
Alexander J. MAN RENARD	1850	Detroit	Jun-56	29-Mar-73
Emanuel MONTFORT	1821	New York	Jan 56 *	17-Nov-60
Jean Joseph MORIAUX	1820	New York	Jul-56	6-Nov-60
Peter MULLER	1837	New York	Jun-54	14-Mar-71
Charles Antoine PINCHART	1826	New York	Apr-56	20-Jun-71
Antoine PIRLOT	1837	New York	Apr-56	6-Nov-60
Louis PIRLOT	1820	Chicago	Jun-57	6-Nov-60
Louis J. RADELET	1831	New York	Apr-72	26-Oct-74
Prosper RAGE (NAZE)	1833	New York	Aug-55	30-Oct-60
Joseph RUBENS (No signature)	1849	New York	May-50	6-Feb-72
Guillaume VANDENHAUTE	1809	New York	Aug-56	30-Oct-60
Alphonse VINCENT	1843	Detroit	Jun-55	29-Mar-73
Victor VILLER	1843	Detroit	Jun-56	29-Mar-73

<sup>\*</sup>Emmanuel MONTFORT actually arrived port of New York in December 1855.

The "X" in the middle of above names indicates that the person could not sign his name, the "X" being his mark.

Ref.: original Declarations on file at the Area Research Center, University of Wisconsin/Green Bay; copied by Mary Ann Defnet

### Belgian Conscripts in the American Civil War

The following is an updated list of names published in the latest issue of the quarterly <u>Emigration de la Belgique Meridionale</u>. (Emigration from Southern Belgium #32 – 4/94). by Father Jean Ducat, president of the Belgian-American Association, Wallonie-Bruxelles. In May 1982, <u>Belgian Laces</u> (#22 pgs. 7-8) published a first list of Belgians who had participated in the Civil War - that one was the result of research done by **Loretta Demont**. from Sturtevant, WI. The following list represents the results of twelve years of research by Father Ducat and his collaborator and friend **John Mertens** It was first published in their book <u>From Grez-Doiceau to Wisconsin</u>, (published 1985-86) of which we have published several installments in earlier issues of origin of the soldiers. Because of this, the research had to be completed at the Belgian side - and here are the results. As you will readily see, there are still quite a few blanks in the data. We publish the list as is, in the hope that among our members there will be some who will recognize names related to their own patrimony and who will be able to supplement the missing information. Please send your information to our office. We will forward all information to Father Ducat in Belgium.

ANTOINE E----

DELABIELLE El-18-14 Vit-1 1045 01 04

ANTOINE Eugene		Halanzy	DELARUELLE Floribert Vital	1845-01-24	Melin
AUSLOOS Jean-Baptiste		Inconnu	DELARUELLE Hector	1840-12-28	Melin
BALZA Alexandre	1831-05-06	Orbais	DELCHARLERIE Damien	1821-09-17	Villeroux
BALZA Leopold	1833-11-14	Orbais	DELFORGE Eugene	1827	Perwez
BARBIAUX Felix Justinien	1826-06-15	Sart (Walhain)	DELGOFFE Auguste	1819-07-31	Roux-Miroir
BARNICH JD		Stockem	DELLIGNE Joseph	1839-01-13	Thorembais
BARTHEL Fred		Aubange	DELSART Henri	1834-04-26	Tourinnes-St-Lambert
BAUGNIET Antoine	1828-05-23	Grand-Leez	DELSIPEE Guillaume	1821	Bovesse
BEFAY Denis	1844	Corroy-le-Château	DELVAUX Maximilien, Joseph	1846-04-09	Grez-Doiceau
BEPAY Emile	1828	Corroy-le-Château	DELWICHE Eugene	1828	Inconnu
BELVA Jean Baptiste	1824-04-22	Chiny	DEMAIN Guillaume Antoine	1826-07-07	Grez-Doiceau
BERO Edouard	1837-02-21	Piétrebais	DEMOULIN Jean Joseph	1823-05-14	Tourinnes-St-Lambert
BERTRAND Francois	1839	Tongrinne	DENIL Jean Baptiste	1836-07-08	Grand-Leez
BOGAERT Prosper	1824	Pont-à-Celles	DENIS Jean Baptiste	1845	Bolinne
BOUCHER Etienne Joseph	1824-12-19	Grez-Doiceau	DEPAS Antoine	1841-12-25	Rhisnes
BOUCHER Francois	1845-05-31	Bomal	DEPAS Florimond	1837-12-26	Rhisnes
BOUCHONVILLE Theodore Jo	os.1821-01-13	Longueville	DEPAS Francois	1836-10-26	Rhisnes
BOULANGER Edouard	1845-09-25	Grez-Doiceau	DEPRINCE Antoine	1834-01-26	Beauvechain
BOULANGER Henri Joseph	1831-01-23	Bonlez	DESTAIN Joseph	1820-11-10	Ernage
BOULANGER Joseph Jules	1842	Gentinnes	DESTREE Henri	1824-05-06	Meux
BOYER JEAN Baptiste	1835	Grez-Doiceau	DETIENNE Jean Baptiste	1828-06-10	Biez
BURTON Jacques	1845	Turpange	DETRY Amand	1838-07-12	Hévillers
CERMULLER Peter	1841	Gand	DETRY Auguste	1845-03-03	Hévillers
CESAR David	1830-04-06	Beauvechain	DETRY Jean Baptiste	1842-10-03	Hévillers
CESAR Simon	1837-09-19	Beauvechain	DEVILLEZ Eugene	1846-07-15	Buzenol
CLAREMBEAUX Charles	1843	Boignée	DEVILLEZ Henri	1842	Buzenol
COCO Ferdinand	1834-12-03	Hanret	DHYNE Joseph	1829-02-08	Saint-Denis
COLLARD Désiré	1841-01-21	Hamme	DONKS Joseph	1827	Bierbeck
COLLIN Jean Antoine	1837-01-04	Grez-Doiceau	DRAYE Pierre	1833	St-Agatha-Rhode
COLLIN Jean Joseph	1828-06-27	Grez-Doiceau	DUBOIS Dieudonne	1827-05-27	L'Ecluse
COPPENS Jean	1836-09	St-Joris-Weert	DUPONT Gregoire	1842-12-18	Piétrebais
CORLIER Gislain Joseph	1831-11-21	Tourinnes-St-Lambert	ELLENBECKER Nicolas	1846-01-30	Heinstert
COUNARD Jean Baptiste	1828	Opheylissem	ENOCH Charles	1845	Charleroi
COUNARD Maximilien	1843	Opheylissem	EUGENE Jean Baptiste	1841	Aische-en-Refail
CREVECOEUR Louis	1842-09-13	Petit-Rosière	EVRARD Lambert	1825-06-25	Grez-Doiceau
DACHELET Julien	1822-02-08	Mont-St-André	FACHAMP Alexandre	1844-10-08	Grand-Leez
DAIX Joseph Maximilien	1832	Grez-Doiceau (?)	FASTRE Guillaume	1840	Perwez
DALEBROUX Michel	1830-10-07	Tourinnes-St-Lambert	FASTRE Louis	1838	Perwez
DANIEL François	1834	St-Joris-Weert	FENENDAEL Honore	1818	Piétrebais
DEBOUCHE Charles Félicien	1842-10-27	Ernage	FERON Francois	1836-09-15	Aische-en-Refail
DEBEKER Alfred	1845	Inconnu	FERON Jean Joseph	1840-09-13	Ernage
DEBEKER Léopold	1835	Piétrebais	FERRIER Jacques	1826	Namur
DECELLE Clément	1831	Cortil-Noirmont	FIELENS Polycarpe	1821	Inconnu
DECELLE Francois	1826	Cortil-Noirmont			
DECKER Jacques	1835-02-06	Heinstert			
DECREMER Jean Joseph	1834	Malèves			
DECREMER Pierre	1833	Malèves			
DEJENEFFE Jean Joseph	1826-07-25	Grez-Doiceau			
DEKELVER Guillaume	1846	Terlanen			
DEKEUSTER Joseph	1830-10-31	Grez-Doiceau			
DELAIN Alexandre	1845	Sart-Risbart			
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NOEL Amand 1835-09-20 Grand-Leez VANCASTER Casimir Joseph 1842-04-14 Beauvechain	
NOEL Victor 1838-11-18 Grand-Leez VANDENACX Ferdinand 1846 Ottenbourg	
NUTHALS François 1828-07 St-Joris-Weert VANDENACK Pierre 1837 Ottenbourg	
PAQUE Alphonse 1842-09-03 Grez-Doiceau VANDENACK Prosper 1821-07-22 Orbais	
PASTEEL Joseph 1845 Huldenberg VANDENBERG Antoine 1838-04-05 St-Joris-Weert	
PAUL Joseph 1834 Melin VANDERKELEN Jean Baptiste 1835-09-18 Huldenberg	
PAYE Théophile 1833-09-06 Archennes VANDERSMISSEN Jean Joseph 1847-11-02 Huppay	
PEETERS Pierre Joseph 1833-05-15 Gembloux VANDERVEST Auguste 1832 Tourinnes-La-Gro	sse
PEIGNEUR Jean Pierre 1821-05-14 Nethen VANDERVEST Joseph Casimir 1828-09-01 Tourinnes-La-Gro	sse
PETITJEAN Simon Joseph 1830-03-22 Beauvechain VANDEZANDE François 1832-08-06 Oud-Heverle	
PETRY Frédéric 1830 Balâtre VANDRIES Charles 1834-07-03 Grez-Doiceau	
PILLET Pierre 1834-05-17 Roux-Miroir VANHACKE Charles 1820 Bovekerke	
PINCHART Charles 1826-08-28 Tourinnes-St-Lambert VANHOSMAL Eugene 1837-11-06 Incourt	
PIRAUX Marin 1846 Thorembais-St-Trond VANMULDEN Guillaume 1825 Oud-Heverlee	
PIRLOT Antoine 1827-03-07 Néthen VANNESSE Jean Baptiste 1830 Bonlez (?)	
PUES Louis 1831-09-17 Nil-St-Vincent VERHEYDEN Joseph 1823 Oud Heverlee	
QUINART/KINNARD J Baptiste 1835-12-04 Grand-Leez VIFQUAIN Victor 1836-05-20 Bruxelles	
QUINNARD Jean Baptiste 1820-02-02 Sauvenière WAGNER Jean Pierre 1827 Arlon	
RALET Jean Baptiste 1840 Archennes WATHELET Alexandre 1834-06-14 Eghezée	
REGNIER Pierre 1839-08-07 Ottignies WEILLAND Dominique 1818 Sterpenich	
RENIER Eugene 1840-03-22 Thorembais-les-Béguines WERY Charles Désiré 1836-08-26 Tourinnes-La-Gro	osse
RETSIN Frederick 1843-02-17 Moerkerke WICKERBERGER Auguste 1824 Luxembourg (B	elge)
ROGIER Lambert 1835-01-13 Les Bulles WILLARD Désiré 1819-10-06 St-Géry	-
ROGIER Melchior 1841-10-03 Les Bulles WILLIQUET Louis 1839 Petit-Rosière	
RONSMANS Louis 1827-10-13 Nethen	
ROPSON Alexandre 1840-10-29 Melin	
ROPSON Jean Baptiste 1838 Melin	

If you have any knowledge of other Belgian Veterans of the Civil War, please forward this information to our office This is an ongoing research conducted on both sides of the ocean We need your help!!

FLAVION Adrien	1822	Inconnu	JAUQUET Victor	1844	St-Denis
FONTAINE Antoine	1839-01-14	Pietrebais	JOANNES Guillaume	1847-08	Tervueren
FONTAINE Gust/Just	1823-11-22	Rollingen	JOANNES Michel	1848-12	Tervueren
FORVILLY Jean Fmncois	1845-02-16	Grez-Doiceau	JOSSART Ferdinand	1835-09-18	Grez-Doiceau
FORVILLY Maximilien	1842-10-16	Grez-Doiceau	JOSSART Jean Joseph	1831-11-26	Orbais
FRANC Alexis	1826	Fleurus	JOSSART Jean Joseph JOSSART Louis	1826-07-30	Grez-Doiceau
FRANCART Ferdinand Joseph		Tourinnes-la-Grosse	KAYE Antoine Joseph	1823	Hamme-Mille
FRANTZ Henri	1838	Inconnu	KIEPES Sébastien	1023	Inconnu
FRONSEE François	1826-06	Bierges	KLEIN Charles	1828-02-17	Hachy
FRONVILLE Jean Louis	1840-12-18	Boneffe	LABILLE Joseph	1837-08-09	Habay-la-Neuve
GASPARD Alfred	1841-09-29	Corroy-le-Grand	LABY Pierre Joseph	1829-10-04	Grez-Doiceau
GENIESSE Clement	1833	Perwez	LACOURT Antoine Joseph	1839-09-20	Grez-Doiceau
GENIESSE Ghislain	1831-09-11	Liernu	LACOURT Brice Alphonse	1834-12-06	Grez-Doiceau
GEORGE Jean Nicolas	1843-01-30	Hachy	LACOURT Charles Joseph	1831-08-31	Grez-Doiceau
GEORGE Nicolas	1836-07-19	Hachy	LACOURT Désiré Joseph	1837-12-28	Grez-Doiceau
GERONDALE Philippe	1840	Perwez	LACOURT Félicien Joseph	1836-03-04	Grez-Doiceau
GILSON Isidore	1827-01-27	Opprebais	LAISSE Jean Baptiste	1831-08-08	Meux
GILSON Jean Baptiste	1837-02-21	Opprebais	LAMAL Andre	1826	Overijse
GILSOUL Joseph	1843-09-12	Crehen	LAMBERT Alfred	1844	Inconnu
GLASSENER Sear	1827	Habergy	LAMBERT Jean Ghislain	1823-09-01	Piétrebais
GOFPART Ferdinand	1836-11-18	Thisnes	LANOTTE Alexis	1822-02-27	Suxy
GOOSENS Pierre	1828	Oud-Heverlee	LARDINOIS François	1827-08-27	Longueville
GRAFF Jean	1844	Hachy	LAURENT Jean Francois	1835-03-22	Grez-Doiceau
GRAUPMAN John		Inconnu	LAURENT Jean Joseph	1841-02-23	Grez-Doiceau
GRYE Nicolas	1838-10-30	Nethen	LAURENT Jean Philippe	1838-11-01	Grez-Doiceau
HAEVERS Ferdinand	1842	Bruxelles	LEBRUN Florentin	1828	Inconnu
HANCISE Dieudonné	1843-05-14	Orbais	LECOQUE Leopold	1832	Sart (Walhain)
HANNARD Jean Joseph	1827-10-29	Taviers	LEFEBVRE Charles	1830-05-31	Walhain-St-Paul
HANNON Florentin	1843-09-01	Grez-Doiceau	LEFEBVRE Edward	1846-06-12	Gentinnes
HANNON Jean Baptiste	1819-11-26	Grez-Doiceau	LEFEBVRE Jean Baptiste	1832-02-03	Walhain-St-Paul
HANNON Jean Joseph	1845-08-18	Grez-Doiceau	LEFEBVRE Leopold	1839-04-06	St-Gery
HANNON Jean Philippe	1840-07-03	Grez-Doiceau	LEFEVRE Alphonse	1828-10-10	Chapelle-St-Lambert
HANNON Joseph	1837-02-27	Grez-Doiceau	LEFEVRE Léopold "Paul"	1841-04-10	Piétrebais
HAUT (HAULT) Pierre	1824 Dion (?)		LEGLISE Desire	1826-08-15	Piétrebais
HENRIGILLES Joseph	1840 Francord		LEMENSE Louis	1825	Aische-en-Refail
HENRY Jean	1826 Messanc	•	LERAT Gustave	1831-06-16	Chaumont-Gistoux
HERLACHE Alexandre	1827 Céroux-M	2	LOOZE Antoine	1837-09-10	Corroy-le-Grand
HIGUET Jean Baptiste		s-St-Lambert	LOOZB Hubert	1833-08-04	Corroy-le-Grand
HIGUET Théodore		s-St-Lambert	LOOZE Jean	1885	Inconnu
HOEBRECKX Louis Joseph	1840-06-18	Grez-Doiceau	LOOZE Jean Joseph	1841-08-11	Corroy-le-Grand
HORCKMANS Martin	1837 St-Joris-V		LOOZE Pierre Joseph	1830-10-07	Corroy-le-Grand
HOSLET Jean Baptiste		ottechain	LOUIS Félicien	1828	Orbais
JACQUES Mathias	1839 Arlon (Fo		LUMAYE Jean	1828	Tourinnes-St-Lambert
JACQUES Pierre	1830 Waterloo		LUMAYE Jean Baptiste	1819-03-07	Tourinnes-St-Lambert
JACQUINET Mat Nic	1839 Stockem		MACAUX Félicien	1842-09-11	Grand-Leez
JADIN Adolphe	1826-03-17	Melin	MACAUX Jean Baptiste	1830-09-16	Grand-Leez
JADIN Maximilien	1834-01-28	Melin	MALLIET François	1840	Oud-Heverlee
JANNEE Charles	1829	Gembloux	MARCHAL Pierre	1825-08-11	Roux-Miroir
JANNEE Louis	1837	Gembloux	MARTIN François Xavier	1844-12-06	Grez-Doiceau
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# Belgian Laces Vol 17 #63 Northwest Corner

by Leen Inghels

As announced in the last issue of Belgian Laces, we started proceedings to organize a Northwest Chapter of BAHA - (Belgo-American Heritage Association). First we had to decide upon a central place for yearly meetings and how to organize those. Looking at the concentration of the membership in the Northwest, it was decided that Portland, Oregon would probably be the most convenient area for the Northwest Hub. A first brain storming meeting was planned to which the Portland members were invited. On April 9<sup>th</sup> eighteen Belgian Researchers met at Lloyd Center. It was the first time most of us met face to face!

Atter introductions and handshakes (we wouldn't be Belgians without greeting each other with a handshake, right?) we sat down and started looking at the options. First of all, it was suggested that we postpone a large-scale Northwest meeting until next year. allowing us to get to know each other better and to start a Northwest contact group so that we have a better feel for the needs and desires of the membership. So. we are looking for a member within to be the contact person for the Northwesterners!

It was also felt that we should try to raise funds to help defray the costs of such a gigantic undertaking. Ideas and offers for help for a fundraising effort were not long in surfacing: we have now Belgian in-color windsocks for sale, made by **Marleen Looyens** and her sister **Paula Galoni.** The windsocks are four foot long (three foot streamers) and we can sell them for \$15.00 each

Thanks to **Jean Galoni**, who got the bids and did the "contact work", we now have our very own and beautiful bumper stickers "**Being Belgian is Beautiful**": black lettering on yellow ground with a small red border all around.

This shiny tree-color bumper stinker represents a considerable expense up front, because we had to place a 250 piece order to gel a reasonable prize for a three-color glossy print. So we need your help! They are available to all at \$ 4.00 each. - We have lots of them! Please, order bundles!!

Pending next year's Northwest meeting, we planned a Portland area get-together this summer. This suggestion was enthusiastically endorsed by all present **Don & Pearl Van Den Heede** have graciously offered to host a Belgian BBQ. at their ranch in Boring, Oregon. There were spontaneous offers of help and Marleen Looyens expressed a willingness to help coordinate the event. We thank Don & Pearl for their invitation!I

At this gathering we will continue our discussion and plans for next year's weekend. Please, send us your suggestions and comments, it is to, **YOU** that we organize all this!

We are in contact with the Belgian Embassy in Washington DC. and the Belgian Consulate General in Los Angeles as well as with the Belgian Tourist Office in New York, to, help with the Northwest meeting. The Consulate can lend us flags: a tricolor, a Leeuwenvlag (Flemish Lion) and Le Coq Wallon (the Walloon Rooster). **Karl Meeuws** also promised to bring his Leeuwenvlag.. So. we will be well 'Flagged" especially with our own windsocks to fill-in the gaps.

This first Northwest Corner was written by your editor. We hope to have a Northwest coordinator to take over this part of the newsletter for the August edition

# QUERIES ... QUERIES ... QUERIES... 95.278- VAN HAELEN - DE VOS - FRANCK:

Joannes Baptista Van Haelen, b. 21.4.1872 in Antwerp, Belg. son of Martaan, b 3 6.1840 in Brussels. Belg. and Maria Barbara De Vos b 4.12.1846 in Antwerp, Belg. - Maria had an older sister named Isabella Philomena who married an Alexander Franciscus Franck. From this union came the noted Belgian statesman Louis Franck (1868-1937). If there are still some Francks in Belgium they might be able to shed some light for us on the De Vos line. Martaan's parents were Jean and Marie Josephine Fabri. Answer to: Mel E Smitt - 35 Ginger Lane # 203 - East Hartford, CT 06118 -1204

**95.279 - BOOGAERTS** - Am looking for the date, port of embarcation, Port of debarcation and name of the vessel by which my ancestor Désiré Felix Boogaerts (1860-1937) came from Belgium to Rapides Parish, Louisiana in 1888.

John Boogaerts - 315 Valley Rd North Mianus - Cos Cob, CT. 08607-1814.

95.280- DEFOUR Leonia. B. Tielt 18 March 1877. Raised in Dentergem. Dauchter of August farmer. b 10 March 1851 and Octavie Kerckhoeve, lacemaker, b 11 February 1854. Leonie Defour came to the US to Missouri with her father in the early 1800's. At that time August Defour may have worked as a wagon maker. Leonia married my grandfather Charles Schmidt and August Defour went back to Belgium. I would like to correspond wirh anyone, either in Belgium or the US. who is related to my grandmother. Charlene Lorch N 84 W 15979- Menomonee Ave. #201 – Menomonee Falls, WI 53051-3062

**95281 - DELFORGE** - **Francois Joseph Alexandre** (my grandfather), born 8 Octobre 1858 in Montignies/sur/Sambre, Belg. Son of **Pierre Joseph** b. 28 September 1823 in Dampremy. Belg. Would very much like information on the other ancestors of François Joseph, names, dates of birth and death of mother, brothers and sisters etc Is there someone in Belgium who could this research for me?

James F- Delforge, 924 Hughes Drive, St. Albans WVA. 25177 - USA

### FROM & TO.

From Jean McMahon I'm nearly in shock, as it is hard for me to believe how far I've come since first wrote you. I should be able to begin the final manuscript on the VandenBosch book by January 1996. I'll be getting together with the family in Maryland in September as one of my sisters will wed. They are astounded with the research also, as no one thought it possible to trace a line we knew so very little about. I fooled them, ha!

Mr. Howard Thomas worked very diligently on this project for me. I had been informed by the National Archives several times, that there was no information about my grand-father in their possession. Mr. Thomas would not accept this excuse, And I'm so thankful for his persistence. These records mean more to me than words or research fees could ever repay.

**To Howard Thomas:** Thank you Howard, for your help and assistance to our members! We always knew what a treasure you are to the organization, and the above entry from Jean testifies to the tact again.

THANK YOU!

**To John Boogaerts:** the name Francis in Flemish in the 19<sup>th</sup> century and carPer would probably have been Frans.

In Ant werp the nickname could also have been SUS from Franciscus.

**From Audrey Meydenbauer**: I want to take this opportunity to thank you for your wonderful publication -- Belgian Laces.

I thoroughly enjoy reading it from cover to cover. It always contains SO much useful information, as well as interesting articles. I want to add that Mary Ann Defnet's "Wisconsin Corner" has special interest to me. Although I have never met Mary Ann, I have corresponded with her since 1986. She has been an invaluable contributor to my Wisconsin and Belgian research. She is a perfect jewel!! - I believe Mary Ann has talked to you about my difficulty in finding the villages of **Jean Joseph Bouffioux a n d Stephanie Bertrand** (the name **Lannoy** has also come into the picture for Stephanie). No luck as yet

we are continuing the search.

(See Belgian Laces Vol 16# 58 - 1994 -1 - pg 14 to, Queries 94-235 and 94-235)

**From Margaret Decker**: Thank you for the publication <u>Flanders</u> with the article about Maaseik, the place of origin of my ancestors!! I'll take it with me for a Deckers reunion in Waverly, MN planned for June 11 at the Big Waverly Lake Park. We are planning a German-Belgian dinner for the reunion using recipes published in Belgian Laces.

**To Margaret Deckers**: just about all flowers that grow in the United States grow in Belgium as well ... at this season the tulips, hyacinths and narcissus glow in all their glory It you think of a special flower to decorate the family reunion, use whatever is available in your area. The specialty of Flanders

is the azalea and the begonia, both of these represent the lion share of horticulture in the Flanders (especially around Ghent Belgium). Your second question "Are the Walloons Flemish?" No, Margaret, the Wa/Ions live in the southern pad of Belgium and speak French, the Flemish live in the northern part of Belgium and speak Dutch.

**From Margarita Delbrouck Villa**: After many queries in Belgian Laces. I received the following letter dated March 1, 1995 from Mr. **Van Den Brande** of Drogenbos. Belgium . It was a dream come true!!

"Victor Henri Joseph Delbrouck (my grandfather), turner in copper, was living in Ixelles. a suburb of Brussels (1880 census) with his father, Pierre Joseph a typographer, born 29 June 1819 in Brussels, died in Ixelles on 1 January 1890: his mother Catharine Bosseneer was born 19 May 1828 in Brussels and died 23 November 1896. She was a widow of Pierre Joseph (she could have been his second wife)."

Since 1960. I had been searching for my grandfather Victor Henry Delbrouck's birthplace and family ... All his records listed Belgium as his birthplace .... I constantly ran into dead ends.... I knew he was Flerrish and I didn't know the original spelling of my family name. studied French for ten years hoping that some day I may visit Brussels. That dream came true twice. After two visits and many hours of research I was not able to find a thing about my grandfather, but I did find my grandmother

**Philomene Squifflet** in Charleroi and traced the line back to 1820. My grandfather Victor emigrated alone to Kentucky on 2 February 1892. Little did they know that according to my grandmother Philomene, she came with him. My father. George was born in Santa Barbara 3 November 1892.

From Rev. Ralph G. Hoffmann I wish to thank you for suggesting the name of Mr. Van Den Brande to me . Through him, I have received the information that I had been hunting for during the past few years. After much research on his part and patience) he located the descendants of my grandmother, living in Lodelinsart, the city where my mother was born as well. During my visit to Belgium in September and October 1994. I visited the family. Later I received letters and Christmas cards! All second cousins. once removed to me. Thank you!

JUST IN From & To Kristino Smets: We received a copy of Kristine's masters thesis submitted to Kent State University in partial fulfillment of the requirements tor the degree ot Master of Arts. The title of the thesis is *The Gazette van Moline and the Belgian-American Community*. 1907-1921. With 95 pages of text and illustrations and 8 pages of bibliography, this represents a valuable source of in formation for any one interested in history of the Belgian immigration into the Midwest. First of all: congratulations for a formidable job; Well done, Kristine. Your thesis is a priced addition to our library holdings. Thank You.

Kristine offers the opportunity to other researchers and readers of Belgian Laces to own their own copy of the thesis at cost of copying and shipping. Order from Kristine Smets 5340 S. Harper Apt. 1 - Chicago IL. 60615.

# **RECIPES – RECIPES – RECIPES By Leen Inghels**

### THE WONDERFUL ASPARAGUS



**ASPARAGUS**: From Spain or France from Holland or Poland from Ulm Stuttgart or Darmstadt; from Australia or the Himalayas; from America's Far West or Deep South: be they green, white or purple, served with vinaigrette or with butter.., no asparagus in the world is as good as the Flemish one! The Flemish asparagus is snow white, fat and juicy. You can buy them in the States in some special delicatessen stores. Don't buy the bottled or canned varieties, they are usually mushy.

But we have learned to enjoy the green variety, so readily available at this time of the year. I have tried alt the recipes Fm presenting here using even the wild variety, that grows along the ditches in Northcentral Oregon.

This wonderful vegetable deserves to be enjoyed surrounded by the greatest simplicity, a a Vinaigrette. or better yet:

### Asperges à la Flamande

serves 4

2 pounds asparagus, trimmed and peeled (optional)

4 hard boiled eggs, halved

8 Tbsps butter, preferably unsalted, melted

Salt & freshly ground white pepper to taste

2-4 Tbsps freshly chopped parsley

1 Tbsp. lemon juice

Steam the asparagus quickly until still crisp and very green. Drain thoroughly and arrange on a pbatter large enough to hold them all in one direction and allowing room to arrange the eggs around them. Combine the butter, the salt, pepper . the parsley and lemon juice , heat through and serve in a sauce boat (optional: try also a



few grinds of nutmeg!) Pour some of the sauce over the asparagus and the eggs. Serve the rest for each person to add to the dish as desired.

Serve with crisp French bread or small new potatoes, boiled in the skin.

Variation: Mash the eggs and mix into the sauce. Four over the asparagus, and serve a nice slice of ham around the asparagus.

### **Creamed Asparagus**

This dish is often served with roast beef in Belgium

Cut 2-3 pounds of asparagus off which you have already cut the hard ends, and peeled the lower part of the stems, in two inch p~eces and steam until JUST tender (10 mm. maximum!) Save the steaming liquid. Make a white sauce using 2 Tbsps of buffer and 2 Tbsps of flour. Over low heat let the flour cook in the butter until it foams (do not let it brown). While stirring vigorously, add the steaming liquid and 1 cup light cream or ½ and ½ cook stirring constantly until the sauce It pleasantly thick. Add more cream (or milk) if sauce gets too thick. Taste for salt & freshly ground pepper (nutmeg again recommended, but oh, so littlet). Add freshly chopped parsley and serve as a side dish.

### Asparagus as Appetizer or Salad

Try raw asparagus in your tossed salads, Or serve crisp steamed asparagus with a vinaigrette, made with 1 hard boiled egg, mashed: 1 Tbsp. of Dijon mustard: ½ cup of water, ½ cup of wine vinegar: 1 crushed clove of garlic and chopped parsley to taste. You can replace the wine vinegar with lemon juice to taste.

### Ham & Asparagus Cornucopia

serves 6

12 slices good quality ham

24 spears of steamed asparagus

3/4 cup mayonnaise with lemon uice, parsley & freshly ground white pepper to taste

Bib lettuce (Boston) leaves

2 hard boiled eggs

Parsley and additional mayonnaise if desired

On each slice of ham, place 2 asparagus spears and 1 tbsp. mayonnaise. roil up de ham, shaping it into a cornucopia Place the horns in a circle on a bed of lettuce leaves. Garnish with slices hard boiled eggs. the parsley and additional mayonnaise.

### Asparagus as Soup

Of course as good Belgian housewives we are not going to throw away the cut off pieces of this precious vegetable. No: we are going to use them for soup

### **Asparagus Bouillon**

Serves 8 to 10

2 pounds asparagus tips

3 carrots cut in large pieces

2 large onions

2 pounds fresh asparagus

2 quarts chicken bouillon

Salt and freshly ground white pepper to taste

Chopped parsley

Cook the asparagus ends, the carrots and the onion in the boudlon until very tender. Pour through a sieve and crush the vegetables against the bottom of the sieve. Return the bouillon to the cook pot and add the fresh asparagus, cut In one inch pieces Cook until barely tender. Add parsley, salt & pepper and serve piping hot. You may want to add some letters pasta if there are young children in the family

### **Spring Soup**

This recipe has been published in an earlier issue of Belgian Laces under the title *Moekes Lente Soepke* but I want to give it again for the benefit of the many new members;

Serves 6 to 8

1 pound fresh peas, shelled

1 small head of cauliflower broken in small flowerettes

1 pound asparagus, trimmed and cut in 1 inch pieces

1 cup chopped watercress

½ cup chopped chervil

1 small head Boston lettuce, shredded

1 bunch scallions, thinly sliced

2 quarts chicken bouillon

Optional: one cup fine egg noodles (vermicelli)

½ cup lean ground beef

Salt & freshly ground white pepper to taste

Combine the vegetable with half the bouillon and simmer covered for 15 to 20 minutes.

Cook the egg noodles in the remaining half of the bouillon. Season the meat with salt & pepper. Shape into very small meatballs, add them to the soup. Simmer for 5 minutes, Combine the two bouit]ons and season with pepper and salt. Add extra chopped chervil and parsley if desired. Serve piping hot.

### **EET SMAKELLIK - BON APPETIT!**

Passenger Lists:
Prepared by Micheline GAUDETTE and Howard THOMAS
File: Emigrants 1867
Report: FROM BELGIUM

Report: FROM BELGIUM					
Names	From	Left/Ship	Date	Ar Year	
??? Christian 28 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
ALAS Joh. 35 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
AMANN Courard 20 mason		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
ARENSEN A. 20 farmer Peter 23		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
ASSEL Pierre 30 Anne Maria 28		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BACHMANN Dominic 15 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BAITAS Anton 31 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BAUMGARTNER Johanna 29 Gwen 26		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BEILLER Johann 25 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BENKHAUSER Heinrich 36 carpenter Maria 31 Catharina 59	)	AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BERG Magdelean 23		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BIERBERSTEIN Alf. 21		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BINSFELS Michael 22 mason		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BLASE Johann 41 blacksmith Rosine 18 Maria 15 Elise 10		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BLUMN Ignatz 20 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BOEGLE Laban 32		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BOJEN Maria Rosa 23		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BRETEL Caroline 22		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BROTZ Fred. 26		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BRUGGEN Samuel? farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
BURTCHEN Joseph 32, Anna Maria 24 Joseph 2 Franz 11/12		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
CASSINBURG Jeannette 30 HEINELEN Jean 3, Perritje 9/12		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
CHARLIER Maximilia see LEBRUN Jean Nicolas		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
CHATELAIN Ulysse 27 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
CLEERMANS Francis 64 farmer Anna 60, Chas. 26, Jean 25		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
CONTESE Christian 19		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
COX Johann 23 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DANATUS P.27 carpenter		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DE DAMSEAUR Chas. 26 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DE ROEY Jean François 28 farmer NOUS Johanna 25 DE RO	E	AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DEHL Franz 20 Carl 15		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DEKKER Nechte see MARREN Wilhem		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DEMARBOIS Jean B.26		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DENSEN Peter A. 16 mason		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DEPIERRE Jean Bapt 21		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DIERIS 24 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DUCALL Bern 25		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
DUHR Johann 42 farmer Johanna 34 Cath 7 Mag 3		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
ECKMANN Joseph 25		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
EGGEN Georg 31 mason Maria 45 Georg 9 Maria 8		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
EHNLENSPIEL Cresentia 63		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
ENGELHARDT Maria 24		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
EZEINEAM Ulrich 24 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
FAUSET Pauline 24, Helene 10		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
FELLMANN Ferdinand 28		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
FRANZEN Bern. 24 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
FRONVELT Felix 49		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
GABAIR Constant in 29 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
GILLARD Marie Joe see ROSE Pierre		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
GROSBACH Aleide 18 Ulysse 22 farmer		AN/Ottawa		NY	1867 Apr 10
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File: Emigrants 1867 Report: FROM BELGIUM

Report: FROM BELGIUM	_	- 0.103			
Names	From	Left/Sh	ip	Date	Ar YearDate
CDOCIEANI Laurica 10		A NT	044	NIX	1967 A 10
GROSJEAN Louise 18 GUNBERT Franz 70 mason		AN AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HAKLANDER Martin 32, TIMMER Jantje 26, Jan 5 Corneli	10	AN	Ottawa Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HALDENEN Xavier 20 farmer Franz 19	us	AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HANDERTPPEIND Christian. 30		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HAUA Alisa 32		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HEIM Martin 24 Magdelena 24		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10 1867 Apr 10
HEINELEN Jean see CASSENBURG Jeannette		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HENIN Elizabetha 25		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HERZOG Franz 21		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HERZOG Magdelana 19		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HERZOG Simon 32 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HINKEL Ferdinand 34 carpenter		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HOFFMAN Johanna 18		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HOFFMAN Henrich 33 farmer Cath 24 Jeannette 6/12		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HOP Brand 38 farmer, Jacob 9/12?		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HORSFEREL Mathias 28 blacksmith		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HUART Joseph 33		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
HUNGER Alexander 33 carpenter Mat. 42 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
IGENROTH Johann 22 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
IGENROTH Wilhelm 23 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
ISELIN Pauline 22		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
ISELL Carl 22		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
ISLER F? 24 Adele 23 Julie 9/12		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
JACOBS Jeannette see TIMMER Henonck		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
JACOBY Jacob 33 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
JAGER Wilhem 28 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
JAINER Mathias 73 farmer Michael 69		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
JAN Joseph 23 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
JEGLINGER Catherina 20		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
JEHTE Leo. 31 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
KAMER Anton 27 farmer Theresia 22 Arnols 17 Maria 22		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
KIEGEL Joseph 30 Maria 36		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
KIETTEL Alois 42 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
KLEEN Jul 18 carpenter		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
KOHL Jean 21 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
KOHLER Mariann 24, Marianne 11/12		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
KOLL Johann 55 Elisabetha 51		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
KONS Nicolas 50 farmer Marg 48 Nic 27 Johann 12 Peter		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
KUHN Peter 56 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
LEBRUN Jean Nicolas 37 farmer CHARLIER Maximilia 40	L	AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
LEEON Jean B.27		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
LEFEVRE Leonard 32 mason		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
LEGESSEN Fred 40 Barb 38 Alb 10 Fred 9 Math 8 Hec 6		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
LEHR Johann 33 tailor		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
LENENBERGER Anna Barbara 19		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
LEPITZ Fre 20 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
LHOMANN Ludwig 27 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
LIESCH Johann 28 farmer		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
LIMBURST Jos 34		AN	Ottawa		1867 Apr 10
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